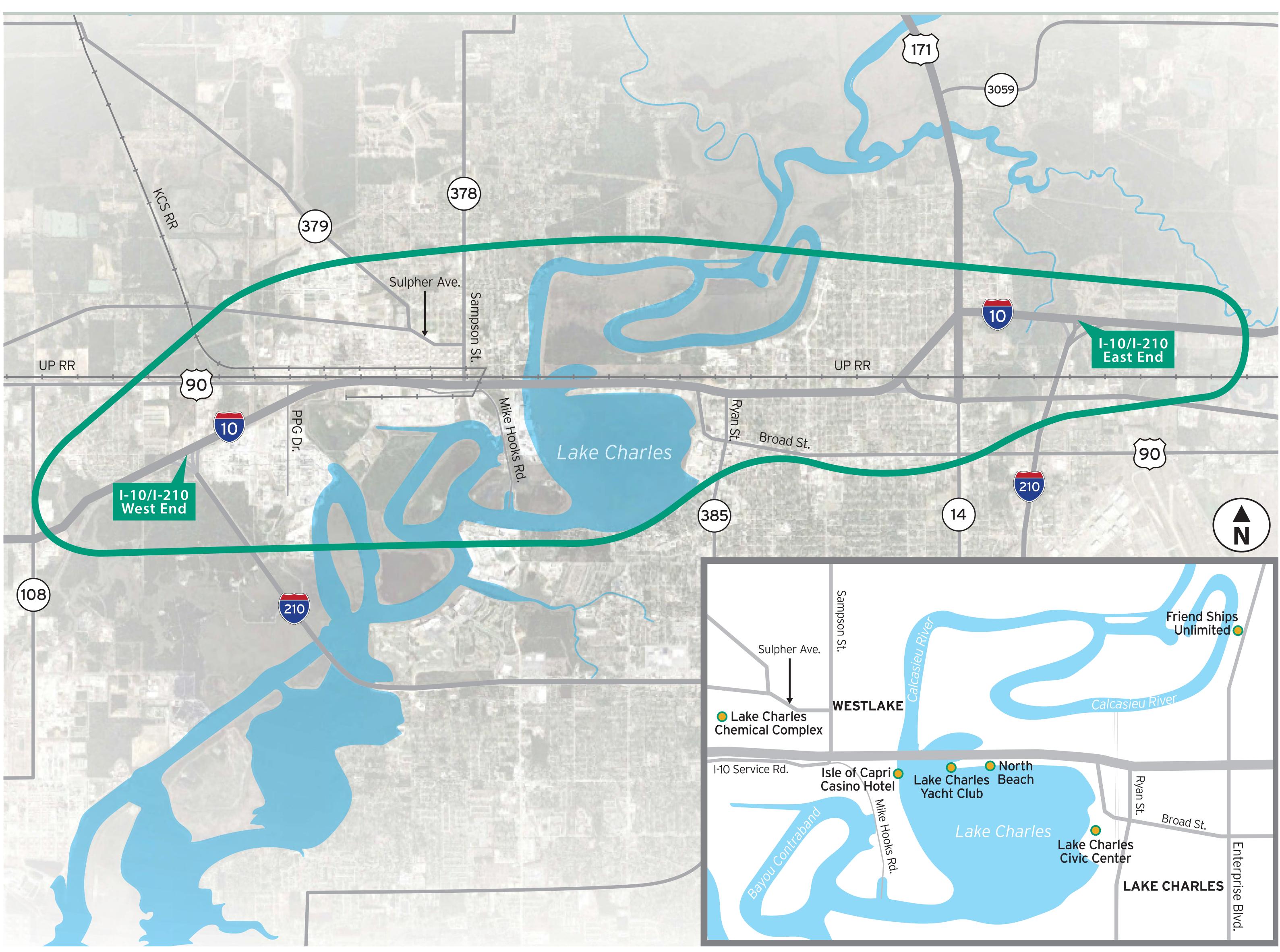
Attachment C Materials

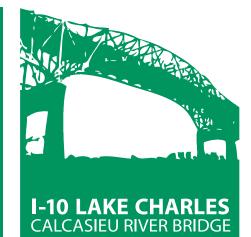
Attachment C-1: Agency Meeting Presentation Attachment C-2: Station 1 Handouts Attachment C-3: Station 2 Exhibit Attachment C-4: Station 3 Exhibits Attachment C-5: Station 4 Exhibits Attachment C-6: Station 5 Exhibits Attachment C-7: Station 6 Exhibits Attachment C-8: Station 7 Exhibits Attachment C-9: Station 8 Exhibits Attachment C-10: Station 9 Exhibits Attachment C-11: Meeting Photographs Attachment C-4 Station 3 Exhibits

Project Study Area Purpose and Need EIS Process and Timeline

PROJECT STUDY AREA



I-10 LAKE CHARLES CALCASIEU RIVER BRIDGE I-10/1-210 WEST END - I-10/1-210 EAST END State Project No. H.003931





PURPOSE AND NEED

NEED (Problems)

Lack of System Connectivity

I-10 outside the I-10/I-210 east and west interchanges (project limits) is three lanes in each direction, which reduces to two lanes in each direction within the project limits, causing traffic bottlenecks.

Increased Traffic Congestion

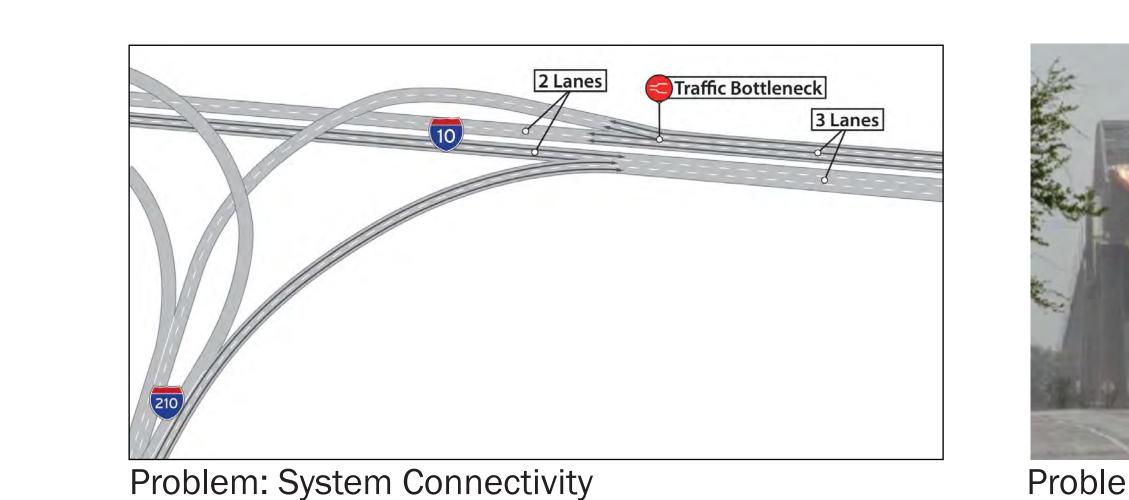
It is anticipated that in the future project design year of 2040, the number of vehicles traveling per day on the Calcasieu River Bridge will exceed the bridges capacity by more than 37,000 vehicles per day.

Roadway and Bridge Deficiencies

Calcasieu River Bridge structural integrity issues such as corrosion and cracking of the bridge deck. Bridge approach grades, the vertical clearance above the bridge, and shoulder widths do not meet current design guidelines.

Roadway and Bridge Safety Concerns

Crossing, merging, and diverging conflict points create safety hazards along I-10 and at the Sampson Street at-grade railroad crossings. Roadway and bridge deficiencies also create safety hazards, such as the steep bridge grades that slow traffic on the up-slope and make it more difficult to stop on the down-slope.



I-10 LAKE CHARLES CALCASIEU RIVER BRIDGE I-10/1-210 WEST END - I-10/1-210 EAST END State Project No. H.003931

Improve System Connectivity

By providing a consistent number of through lanes both within and outside the I-10/I-210 interchanges.

Reduce Traffic Congestion

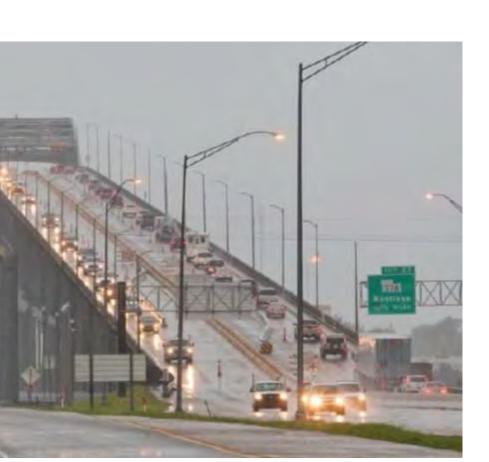
By providing additional infrastructure to I-10, including improvements to the Calcasieu River Bridge, to accommodate growth and aid in congestion relief.

Improve Roadway Deficiencies

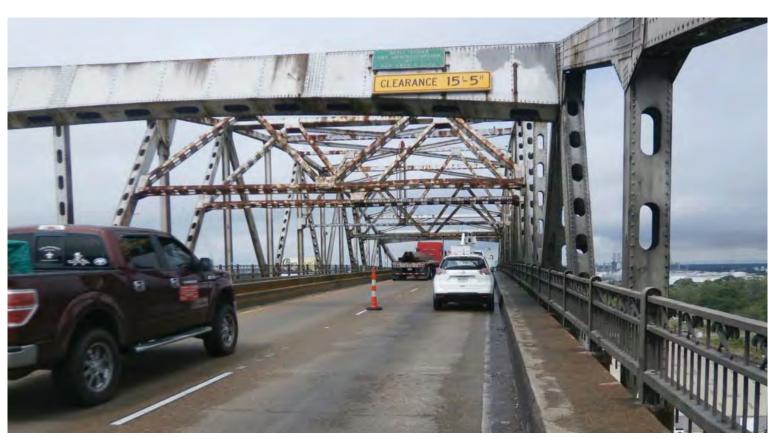
By providing infrastructure improvements that remedy structural integrity issues and improve the existing facility to meet current design guidelines.

Improve Roadway and Bridge Safety

By providing infrastructure improvements to I-10, the Calcasieu River Bridge, and Sampson Street that improve/reduce existing points of conflict and improve functional deficiencies that create safety hazards for motorists.



Problem: Steep Bridge Grade



Problem: Low Vertical Clearance









Problem: Cracking of Bridge Truss

What is an EIS?

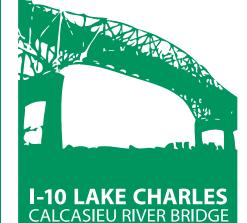
An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is a full-disclosure document that details the process through which a transportation project is developed. It includes a reasonable range of alternatives, demonstrates compliance with environmental laws and provides a means for public input into the decision making process.

Why Prepare an EIS?

An EIS is carried out for major federal actions that significantly affect the quality of the environment. An EIS is prepared in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), which establishes a process for analyzing and disclosing the impacts of federal actions on the environment.







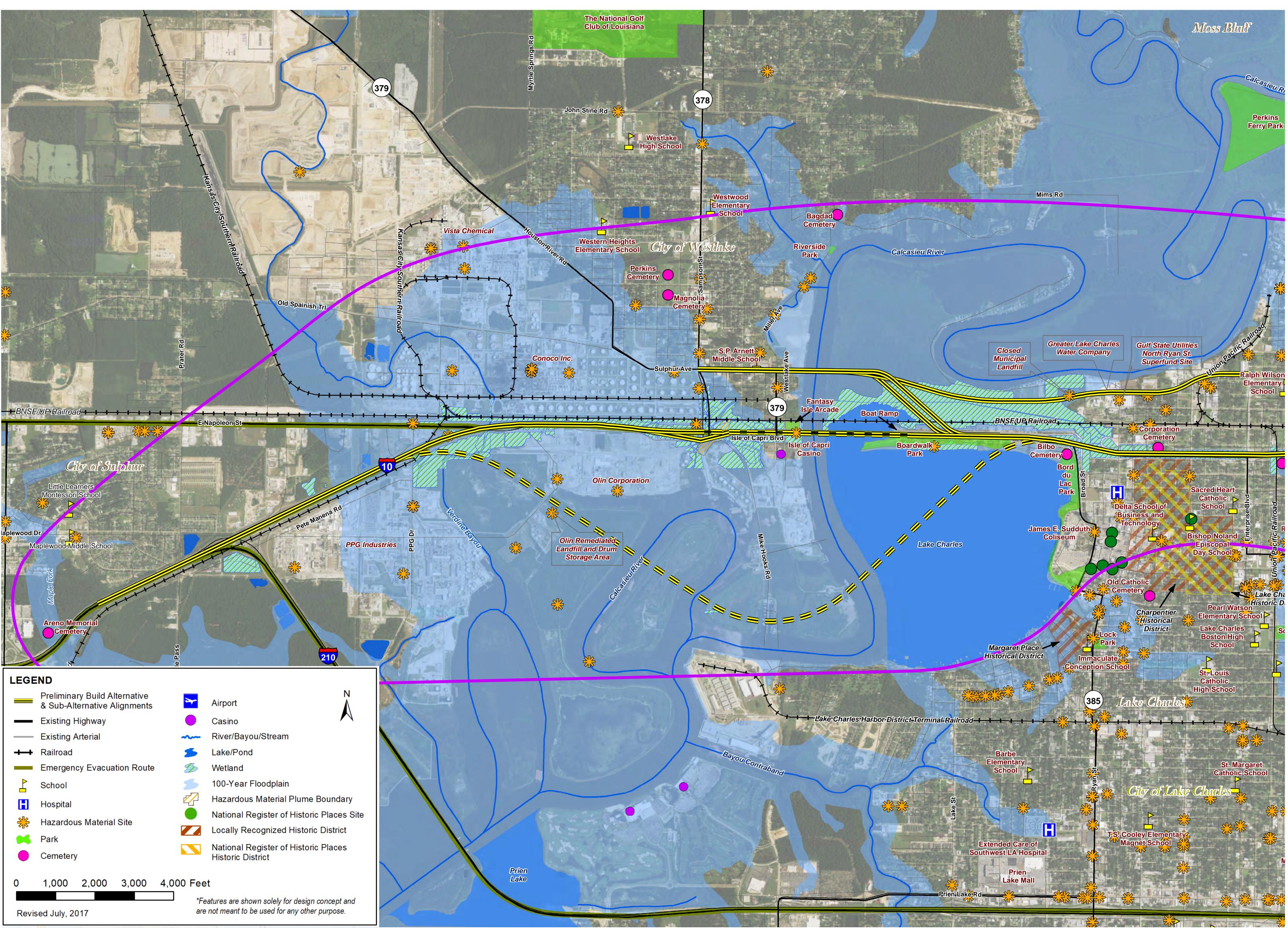


Anticipated FEIS and ROD Approval

Attachment C-5 Station 4 Exhibits

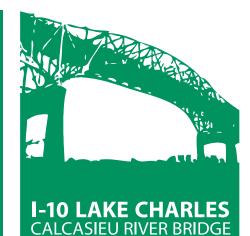
Constraints Map West Constraints Map East Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act Environmental Site Assessment - Phase 1

CONSTRAINTS MAP (WESTERN LIMITS)



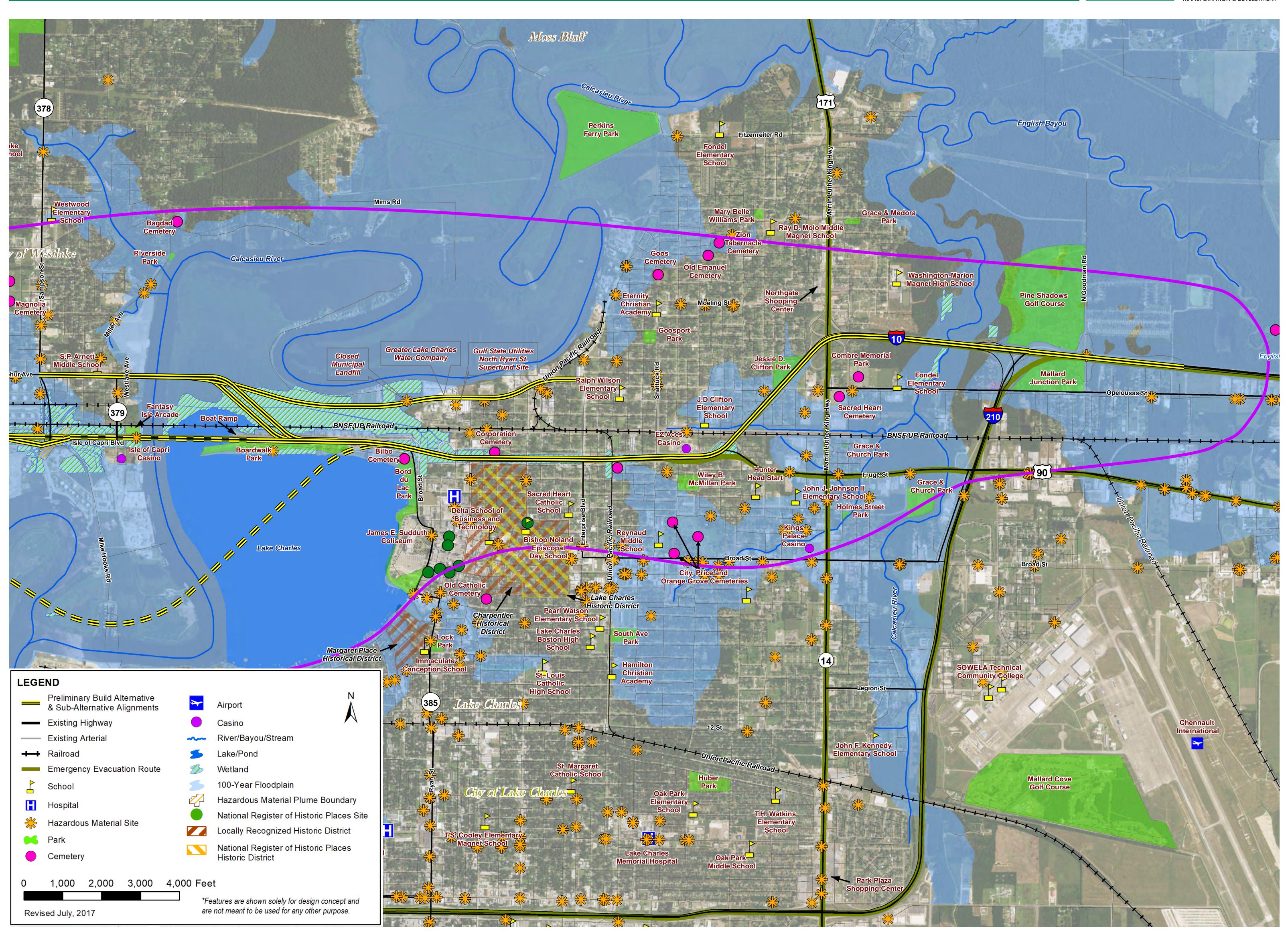
_	Preliminary Build Alternative & Sub-Alternative Alignments	Airport N	
	 Existing Highway 	Casino	
—	 Existing Arterial 	- River/Bayou/Stream	
+-	+ Railroad 💋 🗲	Lake/Pond	
	Emergency Evacuation Route	Wetland	
	School	100-Year Floodplain	
	Hospital	Hazardous Material Plume Boundary	
*		National Register of Historic Places Site	
		Locally Recognized Historic District	
	Park	National Register of Historic Places	
	Cemetery	Historic District	
0	1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 F	eet	
*Features are shown solely for design concept and			

I-10 LAKE CHARLES CALCASIEU RIVER BRIDGE I-10/1-210 WEST END - I-10/1-210 EAST END State Project No. H.003931





CONSTRAINTS MAP (EASTERN LIMITS)



I-10 LAKE CHARLES CALCASIEU RIVER BRIDGE I-10/1-210 WEST END - I-10/1-210 EAST END State Project No. H.003931





SECTION 106 OF THE NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT

• Eligible for the National Register of Historic Places • Evaluated in accordance with Programmatic Agreement (PA) for Historic Bridges Designated in PA as a Non-priority bridge – not ideal candidate for long term preservation • Comments on project, including bridge, accepted for 45 days * • DOTD to market bridge in effort to encourage relocation and adaptive reuse of bridge *Comments received within 10 calendar days of the public meeting will become part of the official public meeting record.

Other Historic/Potentially Historic Properties Section 106 Consultation Process within NEPA Timeline

Establish Area of Potential Effects & Identify Historic Properties

Completed once Reasonable Alternatives are identified

2. Formal Consultation with Identified Consulting Parties

Historic properties are identified and evaluated while the Draft EIS (DEIS) is under preparation



Considers the effects of Federal undertakings on historic properties Section 106 process occurs along with EIS preparation

Calcasieu River Bridge

3. Assess & Consult on Effects

Completed as part of the formal consultation as the DEIS is under preparation

21 **Resolution of Adverse Effects**

Completed following adverse effects assessment and prior to the DEIS public hearing











Completed after the DEIS public hearing and before approval of the Final EIS (FEIS)

